

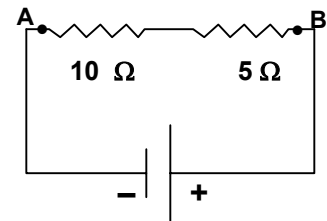
**Physics 112**  
**Quiz #13**  
**October 11, 1999**

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

***IF YOU WANT A QUESTION GRADED OUT OF THREE POINTS (-1 [MINUS ONE] FOR WRONG ANSWER!!) WRITE "3" IN SPACE PROVIDED ON EACH QUESTION.***

1. A 27-C charge is fixed at the origin. When a 3-C charge is placed at point P, it experiences an electric *potential* of 9 V. If the 3-C charge is removed, what will be the electric *potential energy* of a 2-C charge placed at point P?
- A. 0 J
  - B. 2.25 J
  - C. 3.0 J
  - D. 4.5 J
  - E. 6 J
  - F. 9 J
  - G. 18 J
  - H. 36 J

2. A 10-ohm and a 5-ohm resistor are connected in series to a battery as shown in the diagram. Consider the quantity  $|V_A - V_B|$ . What will happen to this quantity if the 10-ohm resistor is removed, and another resistor with resistance *less* than 5 ohms is put in its place? (No other changes are made to the circuit.)



Then  $|V_A - V_B|$ :

- A. will increase.
  - B. will decrease.
  - C. will remain equal to 0 volts.
  - D. will not change, but is not equal to 0 volts.
  - E. might increase, decrease, or remain the same, depending on the precise value of the new resistance.
3. A particle with charge  $-q$  and mass  $m$  is held at a certain point in apparently empty space, and then released to move freely. It is observed to move with initial acceleration  $a$  toward the north. If a particle with charge  $+q$  and mass  $2m$  is now placed at the same point, it will:

- A. move with acceleration  $a$  towards the north.
- B. move with acceleration  $0.5a$  towards the north.
- C. move with acceleration  $2a$  towards the north.
- D. move with acceleration  $a$  towards the south.
- E. move with acceleration  $0.5a$  towards the south.
- F. move with acceleration  $2a$  towards the south.

***Grade out of 3? Write "3" here: \_\_\_\_\_***

4. A 10-ohm and a 5-ohm resistor are connected in series to a 30-volt battery. How much power is dissipated in the 5-ohm resistor?
- A. 2 W
  - B. 10 W
  - C. 20 W
  - D. 30 W
  - E. 40 W
  - F. 60 W