# Physics 112 Quiz \#4 <br> September 8, 2000 

Name:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& e=1.60 \times 10^{-19} \mathrm{C} \\
& \text { mass of proton }=1.7 \times 10^{-27} \mathrm{~kg} \\
& G=6.7 \times 10^{-11} \mathrm{~N} \mathrm{M}^{2} / \mathrm{kg}^{2} \\
& k=9 \times 10^{9} \mathrm{~N} \mathrm{~m}^{2} / \mathrm{C}^{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

1. Three positive charges and a negative charge, all of equal magnitude, are placed at the corners of a square as shown. Which choice most closely represents the net force on a positive charge placed at the center of the square?

2. An electron is located at ( $-1 \mathrm{~m}, 0 \mathrm{~m}$ ) and two electrons are located at ( $+1 \mathrm{~m}, 0 \mathrm{~m}$ ). A $2-\mathrm{C}$ charge is located at the origin. What is the magnitude of the net electrical force experienced by the charge at the origin?
A. 0 N
B. $0.36 \times 10^{-9} \mathrm{~N}$
C. $0.72 \times 10^{-9} \mathrm{~N}$
D. $1.08 \times 10^{-9} \mathrm{~N}$
E. $1.44 \times 10^{-9} \mathrm{~N}$
F. $2.88 \times 10^{-9} \mathrm{~N}$
G. $4.32 \times 10^{-9} \mathrm{~N}$
3. Two positive point charges Q and 2 Q are separated by a distance $R$. [No other charges are present, and there is no external electric field.] If the charge Q experiences a force of magnitude 12 N when the separation is $R$, what is the magnitude of the force on the charge $2 Q$ when the separation is $2 R$ ?
A. 1 N
B. 2 N
C. 3 N
D. 4 N
E. 6 N
F. 8 N
G. 9 N
H. 12 N
I. 18 N
J. 24 N
4. A proton is located 40 centimeters from an electron. What is the magnitude of the electrical force that the electron exerts on the proton? No partial credit. Your answer must be within $10 \%$ of the correct answer to receive credit. Units missing or incorrect: -1 point.
