

# Issues related to quantitative methods and data analysis in PER

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Material drawn from:

(a) Hake (2001) “ Suggestions for Administering and Reporting Pre/Post Diagnostic Tests,”  
online as ref. 14 at < <http://www.physics.indiana.edu/~hake> >;

(b) Hake (2002a) “ Lessons from the Physics Education Reform Effort,” online at  
< <http://www.consecol.org/vol5/iss2/art28> >.

Methodological Issues that are  
**Always Relevant**  
*(implicitly or explicitly)*

- **Validity**
- **Reliability**
- **Statistical Significance**
- **Pedagogical Significance**
- **Representativeness of sample**
- **Reproducibility**

# Validity

- Does your instrument provide data that could actually answer your research question?
  - Sample Flaw: To answer question, “Do students understand concept  $A$ ?,” give them problem requiring knowledge of concepts  $A$ ,  $B$ ,  $C$ , and  $D$ .
    - Previous knowledge of specific mathematical tools or formal representations may need to be considered

# Reliability

- Is instrument internally consistent, that is, do different components of instrument measure (more or less) the same property?
- If you made the same measurement again (all conditions apparently identical), would your instrument yield the same result?
- Would minor variations in your test items (e.g., slight contextual or representational changes) lead to large variations in results?

# Statistical Significance

- Is there a substantial probability ( $\geq \approx 10\%$ ) that your result might have occurred purely by chance?
  - Do you have a measure of variance, or can one be estimated?
  - Can standard statistical tests be applied?
    - Parametric [e.g., linear correlation] and non-parametric [e.g., ranking]

# Pedagogical Significance

- Is the observed effect likely to be of practical significance in classroom?
- Are there cost-benefit relationships implied in the magnitude of the observed effect?

# Representativeness of Sample

- Is your sample representative of larger group from which it is (implicitly or explicitly) drawn?
- Are samples from different groups being compared equivalent in all respects except variable being investigated?
  - What are possible relevant variables?
  - How have you controlled these variables?
  - Have you done random selection? If not, what alternatives were used?



# Reproducibility

- Did you repeat experiment?
- Did anybody else repeat the experiment?
- Are your results substantially different from what others have observed, or are they otherwise very surprising?
  - If so, better check again!